





## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Thursday 06 01 2022



Wind-drifted  
snow



2000m



New snow



1800m

### New snow and wind slabs represent the main danger.

The cold fresh snow and in particular the wind slabs that are being formed by the moderate to strong northwesterly wind can be released easily, even by a single winter sport participant, on northeast, southeast and southwest facing slopes at intermediate and high altitudes. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas and in the vicinity of peaks.

Sometimes the avalanches in these regions are medium-sized.

The new snow can be released by a single winter sport participant in all aspects below the tree line. The avalanches in these locations are rather small. Several small natural dry avalanches are possible in steep rocky terrain.

Ski touring and other off-piste activities, including snowshoe hiking, call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and great restraint.

### Snowpack

15 to 20 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall until the evening above approximately 1500 m. The northwesterly wind will transport the new snow significantly. Over a wide area new snow and wind slabs are lying on the smooth surface of an old snowpack. They are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack.

### Tendency

Hardly any decrease in danger of dry avalanches as the temperature drops.